

(*Chap. XI.—Regulation of Streets. Secs. 335-336.*
Chap. XII.—Building Regulations. •Sec. 337.)

regard to all the requirements of this Act, is practicable.

335. (1) Without the written permission of the Commissioner, no building, wall or other structure shall be newly erected, and no street or railway shall be constructed over any gas-pipe belonging to the corporation.

Buildings, &c., not to be erected without permission over municipal gas-pipes.

(2) If any building, wall or other structure be so erected, or any street or railway be so constructed, the Commissioner may, with the approval of the standing committee, cause the same to be removed or otherwise dealt with as to the Commissioner shall appear fit, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person offending.

Watering of Streets.

336. The Commissioner may—

(a) take measures for having the public streets watered at such time and seasons and in such manner as he shall think fit ;

Measures for watering.

(b) procure and maintain such water-carts, animals, and apparatus as he shall think fit for the said purpose.

CHAPTER XII.

BUILDING REGULATIONS.

Notices regarding Erection of Buildings.

337. (1) Every person who shall intend to erect a building shall give to the Commissioner notice of his said intention, in a form, obtained for this purpose under section 314, specifying the position of the building intended to be erected, the description of building, the purpose for which it is intended, [a] its

Notice to be given to Commissioner of intention to erect a building.

[a] Word repealed by Act V of 1905, s. 44, is omitted.

*(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Sec. 338.)*

dimensions [a] and the name of the person whom he intends to employ to supervise its erection. [a]

(2) In this chapter “to erect a building” means to newly erect a building, or to re-erect any building pulled down to the plinth, or any frame-building of which only the frame-work is left down to the plinth, or to convert into a dwelling-house any building not originally constructed for human habitation, or to convert into more than one dwelling-house a building originally constructed as one dwelling-house only; and a building so erected, re-erected or converted is called in this chapter “a new building.”

Commissioner
may require
plans and
other docu-
ments to be
furnished.

[b] 338. (1) At any time within thirty days after receipt of any notice under section 337, the Commissioner may, by written notice, require the person who has given the notice first hereinbefore in this section mentioned, to furnish to the Commissioner all or any of the following documents, namely :—

[c] (a) correct plans and sections of every floor of the building intended to be erected, which shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to every eight feet and shall show the position, form, dimensions and means of ventilation of and of access to the several parts of such building and its appurtenances, and, in the case of a building intended to be used as a dwelling house for two or more families or for carrying on any trade or business in which a number of people exceeding twenty may be employed or as a place of public resort, the means of

[a-a] These words were added by Bom. V of 1905, s. 44.

[b] Section 338 was re-numbered section 338 (1) by Bom. V of 1905, s. 45 (1).

[c] Clause (a) was substituted for the original clause (a) by Bom. V of 1905, s. 45 (2).

*(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Sec. 338.)*

ingress and egress. Such plans and sections shall also show the depth and nature of the foundations and the proposed dimensions of all the walls, posts, columns, beams, joists and all girders and scantlings to be used in the walls, staircases, floors and roofs of such building;

- [^a](b) a specification of each description of work proposed to be executed and of the materials to be employed. Such specification shall include a description of the proposed method of drainage of the building intended to be erected and of the sanitary fittings to be used and also of the means of water-supply and shall, if required by the Commissioner, be supplemented by detailed calculations showing the sufficiency of the strength of any part of such building;
- (c) a block plan of such building, which shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to every forty feet and shall show the position and appurtenances of the properties, if any, immediately adjoining, the width and level of the street, if any, in front and of the street, if any, at the rear of such building, the levels of the foundations and lowest floor of such building and of any yard or ground belonging thereto [^b] and the means of access to such building; [^b]
- (d) a plan showing the intended line of drainage of such building, and the intended size, depth and inclination of each drain,

[^a] Clause (b) was substituted for the original clause (b) by Bom. V of 1905, s. 45 (2).

[^{b-b}] These words were added by Bom. V of 1905, s. 45 (3).

(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
- Secs. 339-342.)

and the details of the arrangement proposed for the ventilation of the drains.

[^a] (2). At any time within the said period the Commissioner may also by written notice require the said person to open for inspection any portion or portions of the intended foundations, or any portion or portions of the foundations or walls of the existing building.

Commissioner may require plans, &c., submitted under last preceding section, to be prepared by a licensed surveyor.

339. The Commissioner may decline to accept any plan, section or description as sufficient for the purposes of the last preceding section, which does not bear the signature of a licensed surveyor in token of its having been prepared by such surveyor or under his supervision.

Additional information and the attendance of the person who gave the notice may be required.

340. If the notice given under section 337 and the documents, if any, furnished under section 338 do not supply all the information which the Commissioner deems necessary to enable him to deal satisfactorily with the case, the Commissioner may, at any time within thirty days after receipt of the said documents, by written notice, require the production of such further particulars and details as he deems necessary.

Effect of non-compliance with requisition under section 338 or 340.

341. If any requisition made under section 338 or 340 is not complied with, the notice given under section 337 shall be deemed not to have been given.

Notices regarding Execution of Works not amounting to the Erection of a Building.

Notice to be given to the Commissioner of intention to make additions, &c., to a building.

342. Every person who shall intend—

- (a) to make any addition to a building, or
- (b) to make any alteration or repairs to a building, not being a frame-building, involving

[a] Sub-section (2) was inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 45 (4).

*(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Sec. 343.)*

the removal or re-erection of any external or party-wall thereof or of any wall which supports the roof thereof, to an extent exceeding one-half of such wall above the ground-level, such half to be measured in superficial feet, or

- (c) to make any alteration or repairs to a frame-building, involving the removal or re-erection of more than one-half of the posts in any such wall thereof as aforesaid, such half to be measured in superficial feet, or
- (d) to remove or reconstruct any portion of a building abutting on a street which stands within the regular line of such street,

shall give to the Commissioner, in a form obtained for this purpose under section 344, notice of his said intention, specifying the position of the building in which such work is to be executed,[*] the nature and extent of the intended work [a] and the name of the person whom he intends to employ to supervise its execution. [a]

343. (1) If any notice given under the last preceding section does not supply all the information which the Commissioner deems necessary to enable him to deal satisfactorily with the case, he may, at any time within thirty days after receipt of the said notice, by written notice, require the person who gave the notice first hereinbefore in this section mentioned to furnish plans and sections [b] of the building and [b] of the intended new work or of any specified portion of the intended new work, [v] and the provisions of sections 338, 339, 340 and 341 shall apply to the intended new work so far as the Commissioner may consider them to be applicable.[c]

Plans and additional information may be called for.

[a-a] These words were added by Bom. V of 1905, s. 46.

[b-b] These words were inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 47 (1).

[c-c] These words were substituted for the original words by Bom. V of 1905, s. 47 (1).

[*] Word repealed by Act V of 1905, s. 46, is omitted.

(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Secs. 344-344A.)

[^a] (2) The Commissioner may also, at any time within the said period, by written notice require the said person to open for inspection any portion or portions of the foundations or walls of the existing building.

Forms of Notices.

Printed forms
of notices to
be supplied
to the public.

344. (1) The Commissioner shall cause printed forms of notices for the purposes of section 337 or 342 to be delivered to any person requiring the same, on payment of such fee not exceeding eight annas for each form as shall from time to time be prescribed in this behalf by the Commissioner, with the approval of the standing committee.

(2) There shall be printed on the reverse of every such notice, or on a separate paper supplied without extra charge therewith, a copy of sections 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344A [^b], 345, 346, 347, 348, 349 [^c], 349A, 349B, and 349C [^e] and of all by-laws made under clauses (c), (d) and (e) of section 461 at the time in force.

Commencement of work.

Supervision of
buildings and
works.

[^d] **344A.** (1) Every person who intends to erect a building, or execute any such work as is described in section 342, shall employ a person, who shall be competent to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, to supervise the erection of such building or the execution of such work.

(2) The Commissioner may in each case require that the person to be so employed shall be a licensed

[^a] Sub-section (2) of section 343 was substituted for the original sub-section by Bom. V of 1905, s. 47 (2).

[^b] This figure was inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 48 (a).

[^{c-e}] These figures and letters were substituted for the original word and figures by Bom. V of 1905, s. 48 (b).

[^d] Section 344A was inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 49.

(Chap. XII.—*Building Regulations.*
Sec. 345.)

surveyor; and the Commissioner shall, within seven days from the receipt of the notice of intention under section 337 or 342, as the case may be,

- (a) approve the person named therein to supervise the building or work, or
- (b) return the said notice for amendment if the person so named
 - (i) is not a licensed surveyor, and
 - (ii) is not, in the opinion of the Commissioner, a fit and proper person to supervise such building or work.

(3) A notice of intention returned for amendment under sub-section (2) shall be deemed not to have been given until it has been re-submitted duly amended.

(4) Where the person so employed dies or ceases to be so employed before such building or work is completed, the further erection of such building, or the further execution of such work, shall forthwith be suspended until

- (a) a licensed surveyor, whose name shall be forthwith reported to the Commissioner, or
- (b) another person approved by the Commissioner,

has been so employed.

345. If within thirty days after receipt of any notice under section 337 or 342, or of the plan, section, description or further information, if any, called for under section 338, 340 or 343, as the case may be, the Commissioner fails to intimate in writing, to the person who has given the said notice, his disapproval of the building which the said person

When building or work may be proceeded with.

*(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Sec. 346.)*

proposes to erect, or of the work which he proposes to execute ;

or if, within the said period, the Commissioner signifies in writing to the said person his approval of the said building or work ;

the said person may, at any time within one year from the date of the delivery of the notice to the Commissioner, proceed with the said building or work in accordance with his intention as described in the notice or in any of the documents aforesaid, but not so as to contravene any of the provisions of this Act or any by-law made under this Act at the time in force.

Building or work which is disapproved by the Commissioner may be proceeded with, subject to terms.

346. (1) If the Commissioner disapproves of any building or work of which notice has been given as aforesaid or of any portion or detail thereof, by reason that the same will contravene some provision of this Act or some by-law made hereunder at the time in force or will be unsafe, he may, at any time within thirty days of the receipt of the notice or of the plan, section, description or further information, if any, called for under section 338, 340 or 343, as the case may be, by a written notice, intimate to the person who gave the notice first hereinbefore in this section mentioned his said disapproval and the reason for the same, and prescribe terms subject to which the building or work may be deemed to be approved by him.

(2) The person who gave the notice concerning any such building or work may proceed with the same, subject to the terms prescribed as aforesaid, but not otherwise, at any time within one year from the date of receipt by him under sub-section (1) of the written notice in this behalf, but not so as to contravene any of the provisions of this Act or any by-law made hereunder at the time in force.

(Chap. XII.—*Building Regulations.*
Secs. 347-348.)

347. (1) No person shall commence to erect any building or to execute any such work as is described in section 342,— When work may be commenced.

(a) until he has given notice of his intention, as hereinbefore required, to erect such building or execute such work and the Commissioner has either intimated his approval of such building or work or failed to intimate his disapproval thereof within the period prescribed in this behalf in section 345 or 346;

[^a] (aa) until he has given notice to the municipal executive engineer of the proposed date of commencement. Where the commencement does not take place within seven clear days of the date so notified, the notice shall be deemed not to have been given.

(b) after the expiry of the period of one year prescribed in sections 345 and 346, respectively, for proceeding with the same.

(2) If a person, who is entitled under section 345 or 346 to proceed with any building or work, fails so to do within the period of one year prescribed in the said sections, respectively, for proceeding with the same, he may at any subsequent time give a fresh notice of his intention to erect such building or execute such work, and thereupon the provisions hereinbefore contained shall apply as if such fresh notice were a first notice of such person's intention.

Provisions as to Structure, Materials, &c.

348. (1) With respect to buildings which are to be newly erected [^b], the following provisions shall have effect, namely :— Provisions as to buildings which are to be newly erected.

[^a] Clause (aa) was inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 50.

[^b] Words repealed by Act V of 1905 are omitted,

*(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Sec. 348.)*

- (a) The erection of any such building on either side of a new street may be disapproved by the Commissioner, unless and until such new street has been levelled, metalled or paved, sewered and drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.
- (b) The erection of any such building, in any part of the city in which the position and direction of the streets likely to be required in the future have not yet been laid down or determined shall, with the assent of the standing committee, be disapproved by the Commissioner, unless the site proposed for such building is, in the opinion of the Commissioner, such as, with reference to the positions occupied by the buildings, if any, already existing in the neighbourhood, will admit of the construction in the future of one or more new streets convenient for the occupiers of all the buildings in the neighbourhood and for the purposes of drainage, water-supply and ventilation: Provided that any person whose building is so disapproved may, by written notice to the Commissioner, require that the position and direction of the future streets in the vicinity of his intended building be forthwith laid down and determined, and if such requisition be not complied with within six months from the date thereof, may, subject to all other provisions of this Act applicable thereto, proceed with the erection of his building.
- (c) The foundation of any such building shall not be constructed on any site which has been filled up with, or has been used as a place for depositing, excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other

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Sec. 348.)

filthy or offensive matter, until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the Commissioner. .

(d) Every such building intended to be used as a dwelling shall be built with a plinth at least two feet above the centre of the nearest street and not below such standard level as may be fixed by the Commissioner in this behalf.

[^a] (e) In addition to any means of ventilation required by any by-law made under this Act at the time in force, every such building intended to be used as a dwelling shall be so constructed that the whole of at least one side of every room thereof shall either be an external wall or abut on an interior open space. Such external wall, except where it faces a street of not less than fifteen feet in width, shall have between it and the boundary-line of the owner's premises an open space, extending throughout the entire length of such wall, at least two feet wide or, in the case of a chawl or building intended to form a range of separate rooms for lodgers, at least five feet wide. Such interior open space shall have an area equal to not less than one-tenth of the aggregate floor-area of all the rooms abutting thereon and shall not be in any direction less than six feet across. And every open space, whether exterior or interior, required by this clause, shall be and be kept free from any erection thereon and open to the sky, and shall be and be kept open to access from each end thereof.

[^a] The original clause (e) has been deleted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 51 (b) and the subsequent clauses of section 348 (1) re-numbered accordingly.

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- (f) Every room intended to be inhabited in any such building, except a room in the roof thereof shall be in every part at least ten ^[a] feet in height from the floor to the ceiling.
- (g) Every such room in the roof of any such building shall have an average height of at least eight ^[b] feet from the floor to the ceiling ^[c] and a minimum height of not less than four feet. ^[c]
- (h) Every such room shall have a clear superficial area of not less than ^[d] one hundred square feet.
- (j) In addition to any means of ventilation required by any by-law made under this Act at the time in force, every such room shall be ventilated by means of doors or windows which open directly into the external air and have an aggregate opening equal to not less than one-fourth of the superficial area of the side of the room which faces an open space.
- (k) Huts or sheds, or ranges or blocks of huts or sheds, whether the same are to be used as dwellings or stables or for any other purpose, shall be built, if the Commissioner thinks fit so to require,—
 - (i) so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of and between every two lines of such

[a] "Ten" was substituted for "eight" by Bom. V of 1905, s. 51 (c).
 [b] "Eight" was substituted for "seven" by Bom. V of 1905, s. 51 (d) (i).
 [c] These words were inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 51 (d) (ii).
 [d] "One hundred" were substituted for "eighty" by Bom. V of 1905, s. 51 (e).

(*Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.*
Secs. 349-349A.)

width as the Commissioner thinks proper for ventilation and for facilitating scavenging ; and .

(ii) with such and so many privies, latrines or urinals and such means of drainage as the Commissioner deems necessary ; and

(iii) at such a level as will suffice for the means of drainage required by the Commissioner.

(2) Nothing in clause (a) shall be deemed to affect the power of Government to determine, under section 38 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, any dispute which arises between the Trustees of the Port of Bombay and the Commissioner as to whether any road within the limits of the property of the said trustees has been duly levelled, metalled or paved, sewered and drained.

349. (1) No external wall and no covering of a roof built or renewed since the Bombay Municipal Act, 1872,^[a] came into force shall, except with the written permission of the Commissioner, consist of wood, cloth, canvas, grass, leaves, mats or any other inflammable material.

Roofs and external walls of buildings not to be of inflammable material.

(2) If any external wall or covering of a roof is or has been, since the said Act came into force, constructed of any such material, the Commissioner may, by written notice, require the owner or occupier of the building to which such wall or roof appertains to remove such wall or covering.

[^b] **349A.** (1) Except with the written permission of the Commissioner, no building shall be erected or raised to a greater height than seventy feet as

Maximum height of buildings.

[^a] Bom. III of 1872 was repealed by s. 2 of this Act.

[^b] Section 349A was inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 52.

(Chap. XII.—*Building Regulations.*
Sec. 349 B.)

measured from the level of the centre of the street in front

(a) in the case of a pitched roof, up to the tie-beam of the roof, and

(b) in the case of a flat roof, up to the surface of the roof.

(2) In the case of a pitched roof, the roof above that height shall rise at an angle of not more than forty-five degrees.

(3) In the case of a flat roof, a parapet of not more than three feet in height may be constructed above the maximum height specified in sub-section (1).

Height of
buildings with
reference to
width of
streets ;

[^a] **349B.** Subject to the maximum prescribed by section 349A, the height to which a building may be erected or raised shall be regulated by the width of the street on which it abuts, in accordance with the following rules, namely :—

(1) if the width of the street does not exceed twenty-six feet, the building shall not be erected or raised to a height greater than one and one-half times the width of the street ;

(2) if the width of the street exceeds twenty-six feet but does not exceed forty feet, the building shall not be erected or raised to a height greater than forty feet ; and

(3) if the width of the street exceeds forty feet, the building shall not be erected or raised to a height greater than the width of such street ;

(4) where the building abuts upon more than one street, its height shall be regulated by the wider of such streets so far as it abuts upon such wider street and also, to a distance of eighty feet from such wider street, so far as it abuts upon the narrower of such streets ;

[^a] Section 349B was inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 52.

*(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Secs. 349C-351.)*

provided that, if the face of the building is set back from the street at any height not exceeding the height specified in sub-section (1), sub-section (2) or sub-section (3), as the case may be, such building may be erected or raised to a height greater than that so specified, but not so that any portion of the building shall intersect any of a series of imaginary straight lines drawn from the line of set-back, in the direction of the portion set back, at an angle of forty-five degrees with the horizontal.

proviso in
case of
set-back.

[^a] **349C.** After the commencement of this Act no building the external walls of which are of timber-framed construction shall be erected or re-erected so as to consist of more than one ground floor and one upper storey ;

Frame-
buildings.

provided that the Commissioner may by special order grant permission for the erection of such a building of more than two storeys or for the construction of one or more additional storeys if satisfied that such building will be or is of thoroughly sound material and construction and can safely support the same.

Inspection.

350. The Commissioner may at any time during the erection of a building or the execution of any such work as is described in section 342 make an inspection thereof, without giving previous notice of his intention so to do.

Inspection of
buildings in
course of erec-
tion, altera-
tion, &c.

351. (1) If the erection of any building, or the execution of any such work as is described in section 342, is commenced contrary to the provisions of section 347, the Commissioner, unless he deems it necessary to take proceedings in respect of such building or work under section 354, shall—

Proceedings
to be taken in
respect of
building or
work com-
menced con-
trary to sec-
tion 347.

[^a] Section 349C was inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 52.

*(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Sec. 352.)*

- (a) by written notice, require the person who is erecting such building or executing such work, or has erected such building or executed such work, on or before such day as shall be specified in such notice, by a statement in writing subscribed by him or by an agent duly authorized by him in that behalf and addressed to the Commissioner, to show sufficient cause why such building or work shall not be removed, altered or pulled down ; or
- (b) shall require the said person on such day and at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice to attend personally, or by an agent duly authorized by him in that behalf, and show sufficient cause why such building or work shall not be removed, altered or pulled down.

(2) If such person shall fail to show sufficient cause, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, why such building or work shall not be removed, altered or pulled down, the Commissioner, with the approval of the standing committee, may remove, alter or pull-down the building or work and the expenses thereof shall be paid by the said person.

Buildings or works commenced contrary to section 347 may be cut into and laid open for purpose of inspection.

352. (1) If there shall be reasonable ground for suspecting that in the erection of any such building or in the execution of any such work as is referred to in the last preceding section anything has been done contrary to any provision of this Act or of any by-law made under this Act at the time in force, or that anything required by any such provision or by law to be done has been omitted to be done ;

and if, on inspecting such building or work, it is found that the same has been completed or is too far advanced to permit of any such fact being ascertained ;

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the Commissioner may, with the approval of the standing committee, by written notice, require the person who has erected such building or executed such work or is erecting such building or executing such work to cause so much of the building or work as prevents any such fact being ascertained to be cut into, laid open or pulled down to a sufficient extent to permit of the same being ascertained.

(2) If it shall thereupon be found that in the erection of such building or the execution of such work nothing has been done contrary to any provision of this Act or of any by-law made under this Act at the time in force, and that nothing required by any such provision or by-law to be done has been omitted to be done, compensation shall be paid by the Commissioner to the person aforesaid for the damage and loss incurred by cutting into, laying open or pulling down the building or work.

353. The Commissioner may, at any time during the erection of a building or the execution of any such work as aforesaid, or at any time within three months after the completion thereof, by written notice, specify any matter in respect of which the erection of such building or the execution of such work may be in contravention of any provision of this Act or of any by-law made under this Act at the time in force, and require the person erecting or executing or who has erected or executed such building or work, or, if the person who has erected or executed such building or work is not at the time of the notice the owner thereof, then the owner of such building or work, to cause anything done contrary to any such provision or by-law to be amended or to do anything which by any such provision or by-law may be required to be done but which has been omitted to be done.

Enforcement
of provisions
concerning
buildings and
works.

*(Chap. XII.—Building Regulations.
Sec. 353A.)*

Completion
certificates:
permission to
occupy or use.

[a] **353A.** (1) Every person who employs a licensed surveyor or person approved by the Commissioner to erect a building or execute any such work as is described in section 342 shall, within one month after the completion of the erection of such building or the execution of such work, deliver or send or cause to be delivered or sent to the Commissioner at his office, notice in writing of such completion, accompanied by a certificate in the form of Schedule T signed by the person employed under section 344A, who is hereby required immediately upon completion of the work and upon demand by the person employing him to sign and give such certificate to such person, and shall give to the Commissioner all necessary facilities for the inspection of such building or of such work :

provided that

(a) such inspection shall be commenced within seven days from the date of receipt of the notice of completion, and

(b) the Commissioner may, within seven days from the date of commencement of such inspection, by written intimation addressed to the person from whom the notice of completion was received, and delivered at his address as stated in such notice, or, in the absence of such address, affixed to a conspicuous part of the building to which such notice relates

(i) give permission for the occupation of such building or for the use of the building or part thereof affected by such work, or

(ii) refuse such permission in case such building has been erected or such work executed so as to contravene any provision of this Act or of the by-laws.

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Secs. 354-354A.)

(2) No person shall occupy or permit to be occupied any such building, or use or permit to be used the building or part thereof affected by any such work, until

(a) the permission referred to in proviso (b) to sub-section (1) has been received, or •

(b) the Commissioner has failed for twenty-one days after receipt of the notice of completion to intimate as aforesaid his refusal of the said permission.

Dangerous Structures.

354. (1) If it shall at any time appear to the Commissioner that any structure (including under this expression any building, wall or other structure and anything affixed to, or projecting from, any building, wall or other structure) is in a ruinous condition, or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous to any person occupying, resorting to or passing by such structure or any other structure or place in the neighbourhood thereof, the Commissioner may, by written notice, require the owner or occupier of such structure to pull down, secure or repair such structure, and to prevent all cause of danger therefrom.

Removal of structures, &c., which are in ruins or likely to fall.

(2) The Commissioner may also, if he thinks fit, require the said owner or occupier, by the said notice, either forthwith or before proceeding to pull down, secure or repair the said structure, to set up a proper and sufficient hoard or fence for the protection of passers-by and other persons, with a convenient platform and hand-rail, if there be room enough for the same and the Commissioner shall think the same desirable, to serve as a footway for passengers outside of such hoard or fence.

[a] *Works unlawfully carried on.*

354A. Where the erection of a building or the execution of any such work as is described in

Power of Commissioner to direct removal of person directing.

[a] This heading and section were inserted by Bom. V of 1905, s. 54.

(Chap. XIII.—*Licensing of Surveyors and Plumbers.* Secs. 355-356.)

section 342 has been unlawfully commenced or is being unlawfully carried on upon any premises, the Commissioner may after three days' notice direct that any person directing or carrying on such erection or execution shall be removed from such premises by any police-officer.

CHAPTER XIII.

LICENSING OF SURVEYORS AND PLUMBERS.

Grant of
licenses to
surveyors and
plumbers.

355. (1) The Commissioner may grant to any person he thinks fit a license to act as a surveyor or as a plumber for the purposes of this Act. Each such license shall be for a renewable period of one year.

(2) If any applicant for a license to act as a surveyor is a licentiate of civil engineering or a person who has passed some test of professional qualification equivalent to that for a licentiate of civil engineering, his application shall not be refused by the Commissioner, except with the approval of the standing committee and upon the ground that the applicant is unfit, through incompetency, misconduct or other grave reason, to hold such license.

(3) If the Commissioner refuses any application for a license under this section, he shall, at the request of the applicant, furnish such applicant with his reasons for such refusal in writing under his signature, without charge.

Regulations
may be pre-
scribed for
guidance of
licensed sur-
veyors and
plumbers.

356. The Commissioner may, with the approval of the standing committee, from time to time prescribe regulations for the guidance of licensed surveyors and plumbers, respectively, and a copy of all regulations so prescribed at the time in force shall be written on the back of every license granted to a surveyor or plumber, respectively.